

# Integrity Engineering for a Sustainable Future

Mitigating Environmental and Sustainability Impacts of Cathodic Protection in Seawater



### Sustainability

- Described by the UN as a generic concept allowing us to
- "meet the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."
- Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)
- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)



### Environmental Product Declaration

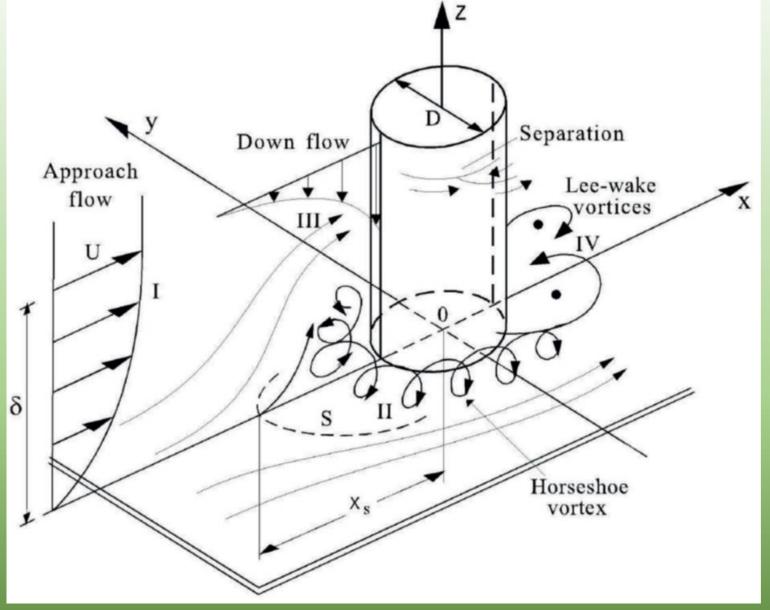
- An EPD is a report communicating what a product is made from and how it impacts the environment across its entire life cycle.
- CP systems and anodes are only part of a larger and more complex asset e.g OWT (Foundation structure)
- Life cycle impact dependant on other factors not in the control of the supplier



### Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

- A compilation and evaluation of the environmental and sustainability impacts of a product throughout its life cycle (ISO 14040)
- LCA includes...
- Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI)
- Life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)





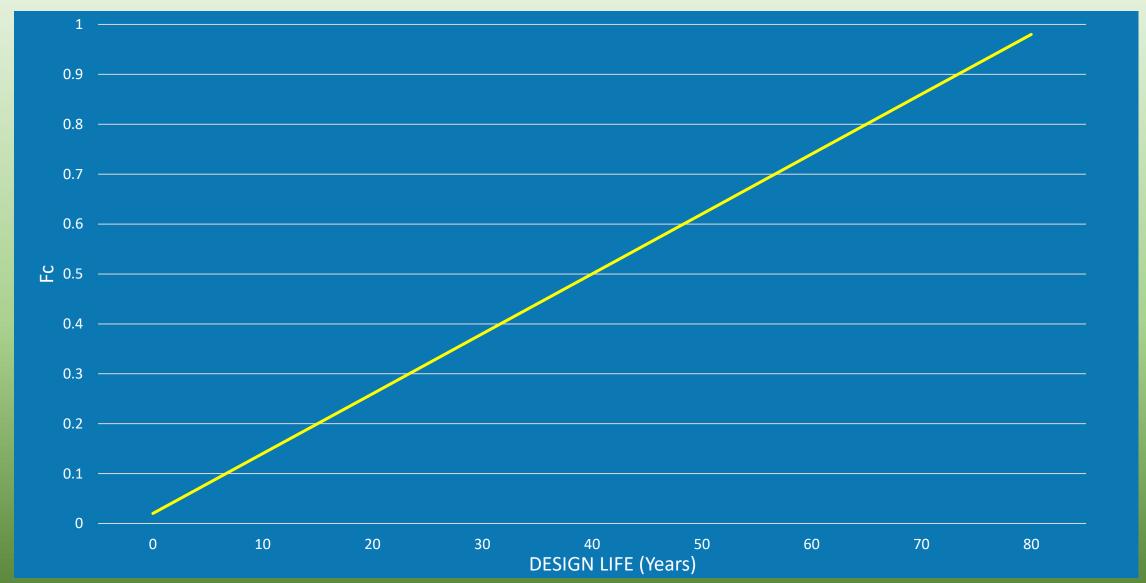
Flow Pattern around an OWT Monopile

#### **Coating Breakdown**

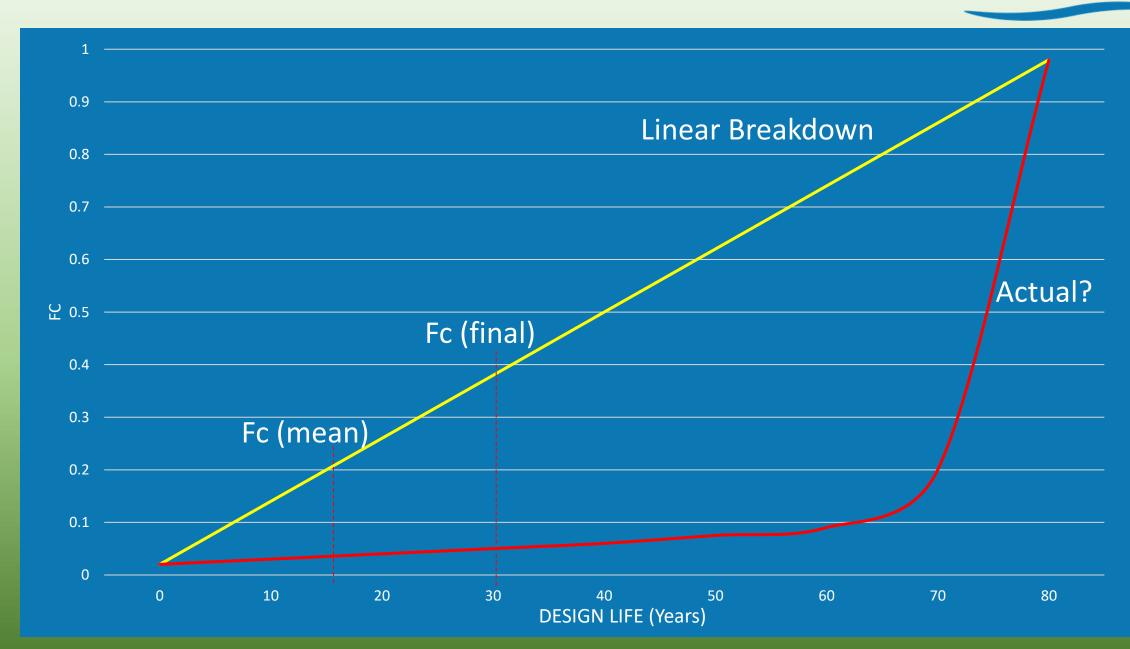
Cat III – ISO12944-9 Im4

Linear model DNV RPB401 & others











## Sustainability & Environmental Impact of Galvanic Anodes

**DOWNSTREAM -** Impacts due to metal emissions into the sea

#### **Metal distribution:**

- Studied by NRA (EA) on estuaries/marinas on S & E UK coasts
- Studied in previous project EFFORTS
- New studies in ANEMOI Project (also paint flake destination)
- Constituents (of galvanic anodes) are "largely within the known variability for the North Sea"
- "No direct effects on the marine environment can currently be recognised."





Build-up of Al(OH)<sub>2</sub> on Anode Surface



## Sustainability & Environmental Impact of Galvanic Anodes

**DOWNSTREAM -** Impacts due to metal emissions into the sea

#### Toxicity to marine species:

- Some laboratory studies carried out but not comprehensive
- "Currently there is no clear evidence of negative impact of corrosion protection systems on the marine environment."
- "A direct environmental threat by the use of galvanic anodes for cathodic protection of wind turbine support structures in the marine environment was not indicated."



## Sustainability & Environmental Impact of Galvanic Anodes

**UPSTREAM** - Climate change impacts due to energy use

#### **Primary metals:**

- Ore mining, transport and refining (global activities)
- Transport of primary metal (international warehousing)

#### **Anode manufacture:**

- Transport of primary metal (Warehouse to foundry)
- Melting and casting operations
- Transport to customer (often international)



Energy Source	Impact	Fuel Mix % UK Average (1)	UK Supplier Fuel Mix %		
	CO2 Emissions		EDF	SSE	
	g/kWh (1)				
Coal	1002	3.8	1.6	0	
Natural Gas	372	38.5	15.1	70.1	
Nuclear	0	16.1	63.1	0	
Renewables	0	38.7	19	29.9	
Other	795	2.9	1.2	0	
Overall av CO2 (g/kWh)		198	82	261	

(1) UK Gov. Dept for Energy Security and Net Zero 2021 - 2022

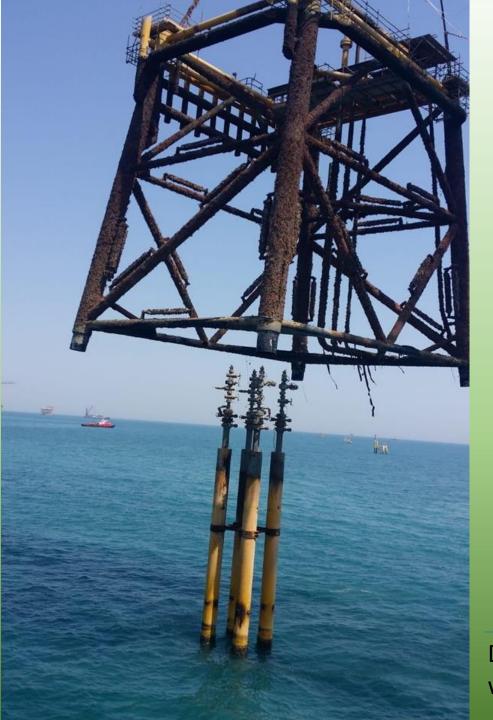


	Total Energy Used Mwh	Tonnes CO2 released from energy use per tonne finished product	
2010	12,250	1.15	
2011	11,418	1.05	
2012	9,827	1.05	
2013	14,634	1.06	
2014	9,496	0.88	
2015	7,284	0.61	
2016	7,547	0.54	
2017	6,979	0.37	
2018	6,628	0.43	
2019	4,694	0.58	
2020	4,662	0.6	
2021	3,608	0.74	
2022	3,359	0.61	

- 2014 Introduction of new 6t batch furnaces.
- 2015 New energy efficient compressor installed
- 2016 2018 recognises the impact of reduced energy output due to large zinc contracts.
- 2019 Relocation to a new manufacturing site with improved efficiencies.
- 2021 Alternative shift / manufacturing pattern introduced

#### 2023 going forwards...

- > Alternate methods of melting.
- Increased furnace efficiency through increased insulation and burner control.

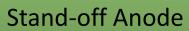




De-commissioned Platform with recyclable anodes









Saddle Anode



	Stand-off Anode Trapezoidal Section 2400 x 245 x 250	Saddle Anode 3m dia x 200 lg 60 thk 50 thk		Saddle Anode 6m dia x 200 lg 60 thk 50 thk	
Initial Net wt kg  Current Output A  at End of Life	330	205 3	169 3	199 3	163 3
Alloy Weight Saving		38%	49%	40%	50%



### Prioritisation of sustainability

**CHALLENGES FOR DESIGN** 

**CP SYSTEM SELECTION** 

**MATERIALS SELECTION** 

**INSTALLATION & OPERATION** 

**RECYCLING** 

**AWARENESS & COST RECOGNITION** 

